Meten is Weten — Toch?







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Het probiotica affaire PROPATRIA

- RCT: Randomized double(triple?)-blind Clinical Trial to test probiotics in Severe Acute Pancreatitis (pancreas = alvleesklier)
- Severe means necropathy (dead tissue)
- Theory: Necropathy => Infectious complications =>
 Death
- Theory: Ist acute phase => immune (over)response;
 2nd phase: depressed immune reaction => spread of infections (breakdown of ... barriers) => ...

Theory (cont.)

- Antibiotics don't work
- Probiotics can stimulate immune response;
 can compete with "bad bacteria"
- Treatment must be immediate to be effective
- Must be given to patients with Predicted S A P

Theory (cont.)

- Suppose rate of SAP within PSAP is 90%
- Suppose rate of infectious complications in SAP (6 mnth follow-up), standard treatment, is 50%
- Suppose rate of infectious complications in SAP, probiotica treatment, is 30%
- Then 200 patients needed for (2-sided) type I error (alpha) 5%, type II error (beta) 20%
- [Death rate presently 10%]

Only in NL ...

- Even the biggest hospital has only a handful of cases per year
- At admission, we can only guess if acute pancreatitis is severe
- 15 top hospitals together 100 patients per year - two years
- Couldn't be done in US ... nor in UK/FR/DE ... nor in China/India/Brasil...

Ethical Issues

- Shouldn't knowingly give bad treatment
- Can't prove probiotica is good treatment without trying it out
- Shouldn't give standard treatment if we believe probiotica is better
- Interests of individual patient in trial vs.
 interests of future patients

Ethical issues (cont.)

- A randomized trial is much much better than a nonrandomized trial
- A double-blind trial is much much better than a nonblinded trial
- Double-blind => individual doctors delegate some of their responsibility to Monitoring and Safety Committee
- Triple-blind: the MSC only knows about "group A" and "group B" but must deblind if their conclusions would depend on the identity of the two groups
- Why? because doctors tend to stop trials too soon because outcome is looking good!

Ethical issues (cont.)

- "Because of ethical issues" (Helsinki declaration...), we will do an *interim analysis* à la Snapinn
- Take a look at N=100 (one year)
- If interim result is already strongly in favour of priobiotica, stop for significance (it is almost certain final result will be significant for probiotica)
- If interim result does not much favour probiotica, stop for futility (it is almost certain final result will not be significant for probiotica)
- Stopping for futility is not just economics, it's also a safety measure!

Interim analysis (à la Snapinn)

- We will take a look at N=100
- Compare rates of IC in two groups
- If (I-sided) p-value<0.001 then stop for significance
- If (I-sided) p-value>0.30 then stop for futility
- Theory: alpha (type I error) is unchanged;
 beta (type II error) is hardly worsened

[Aside]

- Phase III experiment before phases I or II?
- Role CENTERNOVEM, ...
- Experiments with animals?
- Food-supplement or medical treatment?
- Microbiology...

[Aside]

- Was the ethical-testing committee competent? (the 15 committees!?)
- What was the protocol?

What happened (start)

PROPATRIA starts

What happened (I yr)

- After one year, N=100, MSC saw over-all rate of death "as normal", little difference between groups, overall rate of IC 30%, so far no safety issues
- MSC proposed to add 3rd year, ie run till
 N=300, in order to safeguard statistical power

What happened (I.6 yrs)

- MSC did interim analysis at N=168 (should have been 150?)
- Advice: trial may run to completion

What happened (3 yrs)

- Identity of groups A and B revealed
- Rate of IC in placebo group and treatment group almost same (30%)
- Rate of Death in placebo group half that in treatment group (overall rate: 10%)
- 9 cases (8 deaths) of "bowel ischaemia" in treatment group, none in placebo group (non IC)

December 2007

What happened (4th yr)

- Press conference
- Media interest
- Sales of Yakult collapse
- Recruitment in RCT's collapses
- Data is kept secret
- Publication in Lancet!!!
- IGZ, CCMO, WGZ start investigation
- Patients (patients' relatives) file law suits

What happened (4th yr)

- Meester & ... Trouw: they must have known half-way that it was going to turn out bad
- RDG attacks triple-blind
- Gooszen c.s. deny everything
- Hester van Zanten (NRC) finds data from interim analysis
- RDG meets Gooszen c.s.
- The MSC used SPSS; SPSS doesn't ask which I-sided hypothesis to test but reports "best result" of two

What happened (5th yr)

- TNO report comes out: probitioca as food supplement is completely safe; but use in PROPATRIA trial was medical
- RDG meets CCMO & IGZ
- RDG meets Gooszens and Besselink

Meten is weten?

- Was the probiotica treatment bad for the patients?
- Long slow struggle to restore people's trust of doctors and in medical research (!?)
- The data is still secret (!!!!!!!)
- If I show you the official protocol, I pay a fine of E.15 000

Conclusions

- Early stopping in RCT's [a good thing!]
 raises complex statistical issues and
 requires professional statistical expertise
- Blinded MCT's should include in an advisory role a professional statistician, who is not blinded
- The traditional secrecy/closedness of the medical establishment is contrary to science